

Williamsville Central School District Support Structures

Elementary School	Middle School	High School
Universally Offered		
Classroom Instructional	Classroom Instructional	Classroom Instructional
Tools	Tools	Tools
Clubs	Clubs	Clubs
	Counselor Support	Counselor Support
Differentiated Instruction	Differentiated Instruction	Differentiated Instruction
and Intervention	and Intervention	and Intervention
Parent Resources	Parent Resources	Parent Resources
Social-Emotional Learning	Social-Emotional Learning	Social-Emotional Learning
(SEL) and Wellness	(SEL) and Wellness	(SEL) and Wellness
<u>Supports</u>	Supports	<u>Supports</u>
Technology and Digital	Technology and Digital	Technology and Digital
Resources	Resources	Resources
-	Web Crew	<u>Link Crew</u>
Targeted Support		
-	-	Alternative Instructional Model (AIM)
AIS	AIS	AIS
Child Study Team (CST)	Child Study Team (CST)	Child Study Team (CST)/
		Academic Intervention
		Teams
Instructional Coach	-	-
(literacy and math)		
	<u>Learning Lab Presentation</u>	<u>Learning Lab Presentation</u>
Math Cracialist	Learning Lab Video Math Specialist/	Learning Lab Video Math Laba (alasa)
Math Specialist	Math Specialist/ Math Lab	Math Labs (class)
	Read 180	Read 180
Reading Recovery/	Reading Specialist	Reading Specialist
Reading Specialist		
Special Education	Special Education	Special Education
STEAM Program	-	-
Summer School	Summer School	Summer School
Teacher Assistance	Teacher Assistance	Teacher Assistance
<u>Universal Prekindergarten</u> (UPK)	-	-
(U1 IX)		



Support Structures – References/Presentations

Child Study Team (CST):

Teachers are provided the opportunity to share concerns with a multi-member team regarding students' needs in the areas of academics, social-emotional, behavioral, speech and/or fine motor skills. CST members may include classroom teachers, school psychologists, administrators, and specialists. During meetings, general and specific information along with data and other events are shared. Brainstorming of possible supports are shared and implemented (if not already tried). If supports exist, they are reviewed and potentially increased, if needed. Data trends are reviewed to determine rate of progress (positive or negative).

Classroom Instructional Tools:

Any tools a teacher uses in the classroom to help foster and enhance learning. There are many kinds of instructional tools, but some of the most used ones are traditional resources, such as textbooks and workbooks; however, other tools might include graphic organizers, manipulatives, and technology.

Differentiated Instruction:

The use of ongoing assessment to tailor content, process, products, or the learning environment to meet individual student needs.

Intervention:

Timely and focused additional learning opportunities used to address a specific need.

Instructional Coaching (literacy and math):

The goal of the Williamsville CSD coaching program is to provide job-embedded professional learning to enhance teachers' instructional practices focused on meeting student needs to improve student progress and achievement.

Math Lab (high school):

A non-credit bearing support class that is designed to be taken concurrently with the credit-bearing course. This class provides additional, scheduled assistance to students to gain confidence and develop the necessary skills to be successful on exams and in future courses. Students will have the opportunity to review concepts, explore activities to acquire deeper learning, preview content to be covered, and provide reinforcement of underlying skills.



Math Lab (middle school):

Math Lab is a district-created instructional model that uses existing resources to meet the needs of our students by providing timely and targeted additional learning opportunities. Math Lab runs in a constant cycle. Teachers pose a few math questions to students as part of their warm-up activities. Then the district's data management system collects and instantly analyzes student results. If the data management system detects that a student may not have understood the assessed math concept, it automatically adjusts a student's daily schedule and redirects the student into a Math Lab session that is in addition to a student's regularly scheduled math class. The underlying belief is that the more quickly teachers can intervene, regardless of why a student misses a concept, the more effectively they can target the source of misunderstanding and better position students for future learning. This responsive model has transformed the AIS paradigm from one that is just focused on intervention to one that includes prevention.

Math Specialist:

The Math Specialists' role is to discover *why* the child "can't/won't/doesn't," and then provide *additional* experiences that engage students in the development of the following five competencies needed for learning mathematics and improved student achievement: (1) number sense; (2) visualization; (3) generalization; (4) meta-cognition; and (5) communication.

Reading Specialist:

The reading specialist provides support to students in large, small, or individual settings to supplement classroom instruction. This literacy certified and trained specialist uses diagnostic information to determine areas of focus and intervention and serves as a literacy resource and leader for the building to assist fellow teachers and administrators in accelerating student progress and meeting student needs in reading and writing.

UPK:

 $\frac{https://go.boarddocs.com/ny/williams/Board.nsf/files/CBJQMA694C60/\$file/UPK\%20Pr}{esentation\%20(1).pdf}$

Please note: Parents with questions regarding supports at their child(ren)'s school, or regarding their child's progress or program, are asked to contact their child's teacher, counselor, or building principal.